## **Poole**

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

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#### www.healthprofiles.info



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#### Population 138,800

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







### Poole at a glance

- The health of people living in Poole is better than the England average. Life expectancy for both men and women is higher than the average. However, inequalities in health exist within Poole. Life expectancy for men in the most deprived areas is over 7 years less than for those in the least deprived areas. For women, this gap is over 4 years.
- Estimates of smoking and binge drinking in adults are similar to the England averages. The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher.
- Early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke have fallen over the last 10 years, and are lower than the England rates.
- The rates of smoking during pregnancy and breastfeeding initiation are better than the England average. The percentage of children spending at least 3 hours per week on school sport is higher than the average. The percentage of children in Reception year classified as obese is similar to the average.
- The estimated percentage of adults who are obese and the percentage of people diagnosed with diabetes are higher than the England averages.
- The Local Area Agreement for Poole makes tackling health inequalities a priority, including drug and alcohol misuse, sexual health, smoking cessation, and physical activity.
- For more information, please refer to the Bournemouth and Poole Joint Strategic Needs Assessment at www.bournemouthandpoole.nhs.uk

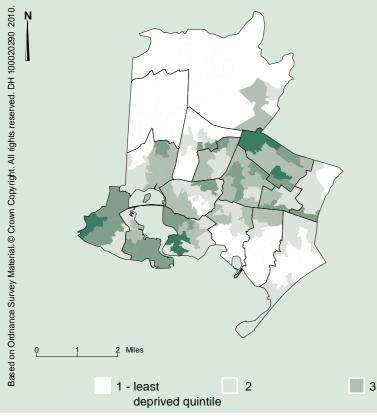


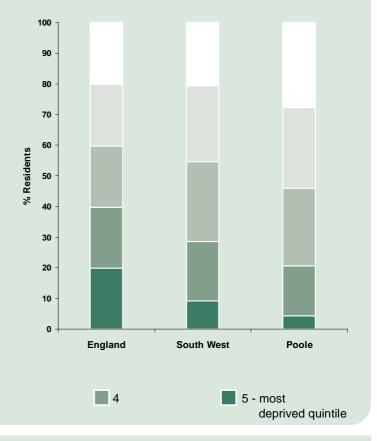
### Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area

based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

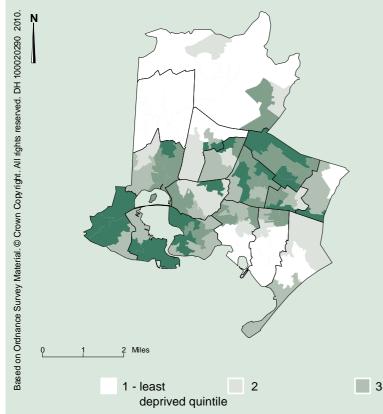




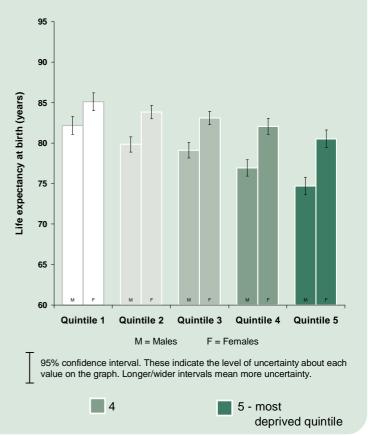
### Health inequalities:

### a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.



This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



# Health inequalities: changes over time

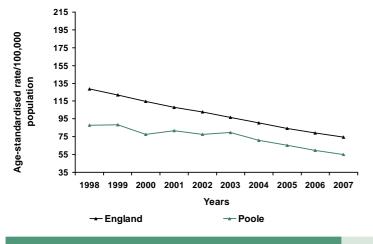
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

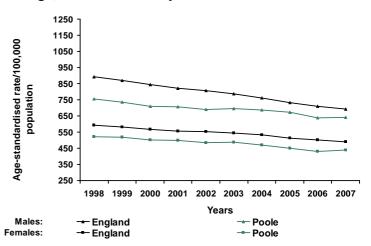
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

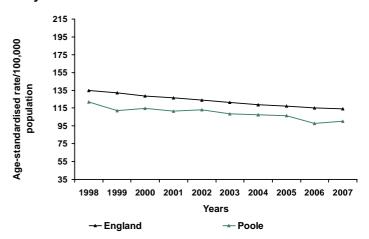
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

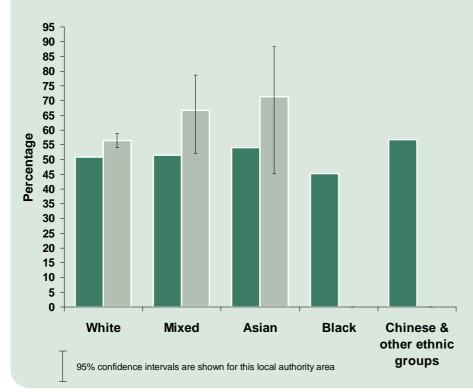


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



# Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A\* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England Poole

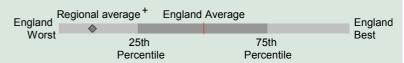
Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades		
White	56.5	892		
Mixed	66.7	30		
Asian	71.4	10		
Black				
Chinese/other				

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

## Health summary for Poole

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- O No significance can be calculated



+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	6039	4.4	19.9	89.2		0.0
ijes	2 Children in poverty	4298	17.6	22.4	66.5		6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	45	0.69	2.48	9.37	<b>♦ ♦</b>	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	952	56.5	50.9	32.1	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	76.1
	5 Violent crime	1908	13.8	16.4	36.6	$\bigcirc$	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	950	6.9	6.8	14.4		4.1
p <sub>1</sub>	7 Smoking in pregnancy	198	11.6	14.6	33.5	<b>○</b>	3.8
	8 Breast feeding initiation	1290	76.5	72.5	39.7	<b>○</b>	92.7
n's ar eople alth	9 Physically active children	9372	54.1	49.6	24.6	$\Diamond$	79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	106	8.8	9.6	14.7		4.7
υ °ς	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.0	1.1	2.5	$\bigcirc$	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	94	34.8	40.9	74.8	<b>O</b>	14.9
7.	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	20.7	22.2	35.2	♦	10.2
h and	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	18.9	20.1	33.2		4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	29.8	28.7	18.3		48.1
Adults' health and lifesty le	16 Physically active adults	n/a	11.2	11.2	5.4	• ♦	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	26.5	24.2	32.8		13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	26	17.4	12.6	27.3		3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1945	24.1	27.6	58.5		9.0
and If	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2503	1410	1580	2860	$\Diamond O$	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	6662	4.80	4.30	6.72		2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	9	6	15	110	<b>©</b>	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	223	517.0	479.2	643.5	$\Diamond$	273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	86	17.4	15.6	26.3	00	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	78.9	77.9	73.6		84.3
re expectancy and causes of death	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	83.1	82.0	78.8		88.9
	28 Infant deaths	8	4.80	4.84	8.67	♦	1.08
) səsr	29 Deaths from smoking	232	170.4	206.8	360.3		118.7
Life e, cau	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	92	55.1	74.8	125.0	$\Diamond$	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	168	100.1	114.0	164.3	$\qquad \qquad \diamondsuit \ \bigcirc$	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	57	41.0	51.3	167.0	<b>□</b>	14.6

#### Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per capita (tonnes CO<sub>2</sub> per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75 2004-2006 19 Crude rate per 1,000 working age population 2008 20 Directly age and sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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