Health Profile 2010

New Forest

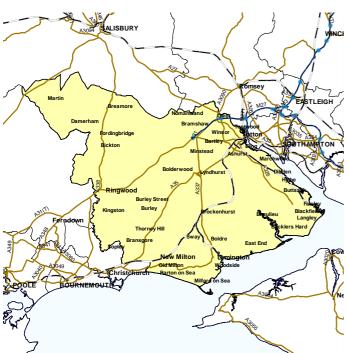
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

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www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 175,400

Mid-2008 population estimate Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk





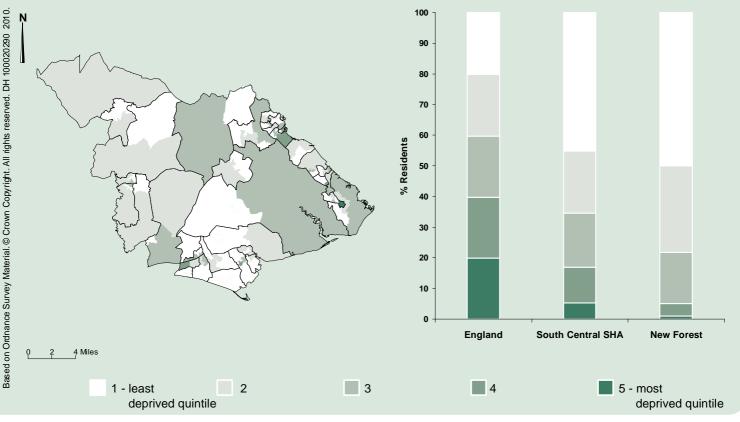


- The health of people in the New Forest is generally better than the England average. However, the rate of malignant melanoma skin cancer and the rate of road injuries and death are worse than the England averages.
- There are health inequalities between areas within the New Forest. Life expectancy for men and women from the most deprived areas is almost 4 years lower than for those from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes, and early death rates from cancer and heart disease and stroke, have all fallen.
- Although the level of child poverty is below the England average, there are over 4,000 children living in low income households. The proportion of children in Reception year classified as obese is lower than the England average.
- An estimated 16% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. There are over 260 smoking related deaths in the New Forest each year.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 2,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk



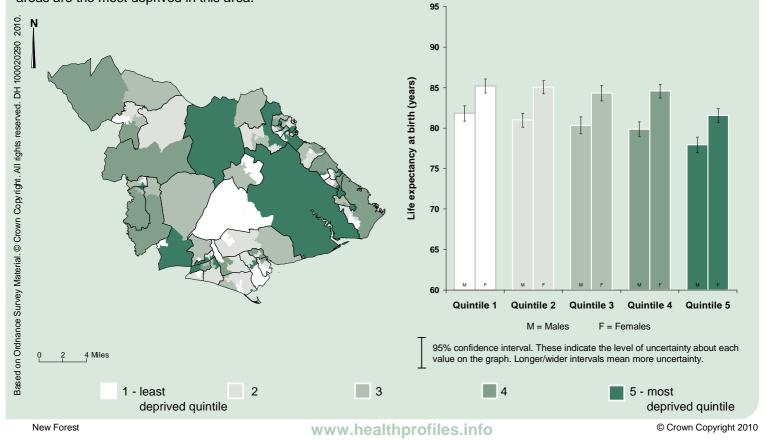
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England. This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



Health inequalities: **a local view**

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area. This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



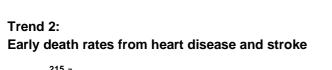
Health inequalities: changes over time

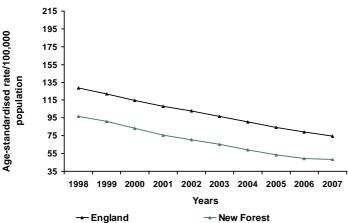
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

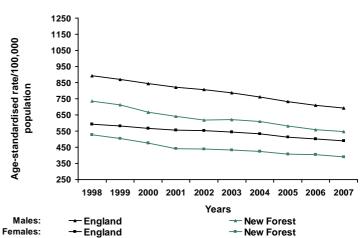
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.



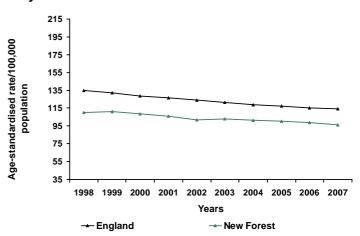


Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality



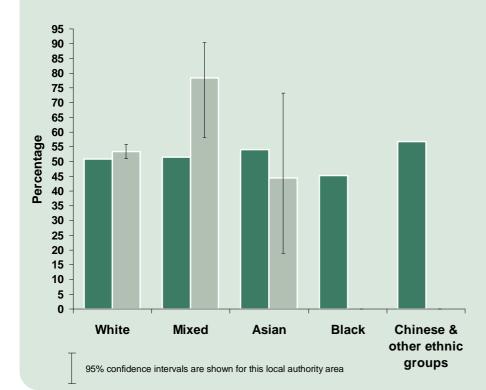
Trend 3:





Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England New Forest

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades		
White	53.4	902		
Mixed	78.3	18		
Asian	44.4	4		
Black				
Chinese/other				

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

Health summary for New Forest

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

Significantly worse than England average

	ficantly better than England average gnificance can be calculated				ngland Worst	Regional average ⁺ England Average 25th 75th Percentile Percentile outh East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority	Engla Best / avera
Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
Our communities	1 Deprivation	1791	1.0	19.9	89.2	$\diamond \bigcirc$	0.0
	2 Children in poverty	4048	13.5	22.4	66.5		6.0
	3 Statutory homelessness	74	0.99	2.48	9.37		0.00
. com	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	941	53.4	50.9	32.1		76.1
OUL	5 Violent crime	2109	12.1	16.4	36.6	♦ O	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	1341	7.7	6.8	14.4	0	4.1
Children's and young people's health	7 Smoking in pregnancy	195	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
	8 Breast feeding initiation	1213	79.7	72.5	39.7		92.7
	9 Physically active children	11062	56.0	49.6	24.6	\diamond	79.1
ildren's ing peo health	10 Obese children	104	7.0	9.6	14.7	\diamond	4.7
yor Ch	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.5	1.1	2.5	\diamond	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	92	30.1	40.9	74.8	$\diamond \diamond$	14.
i and	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	16.2	22.2	35.2	\diamond	10.
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	15.7	20.1	33.2	\diamond	4.6
s' healtr lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	32.7	28.7	18.3	\diamond	48.
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	12.4	11.2	5.4	\diamond \diamond	16.
	17 Obese adults	n/a	20.9	24.2	32.8	\diamond \circ	13.
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	45	23.2	12.6	27.3		3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1840	19.0	27.6	58.5	©	9.0
th d	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2475	982	1580	2860	♦ ○	78
ase a · heal	21 Drug misuse						
Disease and poor health	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	7351	4.19	4.30	6.72	○ ♦	2.6
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	8	4	15	110		0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	312	495.9	479.2	643.5		273
Life expectancy and causes of death	25 Excess winter deaths	104	16.5	15.6	26.3		2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	80.6	77.9	73.6	\diamond	84.
	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	84.5	82.0	78.8		88.
	28 Infant deaths	5	3.41	4.84	8.67	\diamond	1.0
	29 Deaths from smoking	266	132.8	206.8	360.3	\diamond	118
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	116	48.3	74.8	125.0		40
	31 Early deaths: cancer	222	96.4	114.0	164.3		70.
	32 Road injuries and deaths	105	59.9	51.3	167.0		14.

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2008-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths finites minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly ag

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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