

Christchurch

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



Based on Ordnance Survey material. © Crown Copyright. All rights reserved.
DH 100020290 2010. Other map data © Collins Bartholomew.

Population 45,800

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk



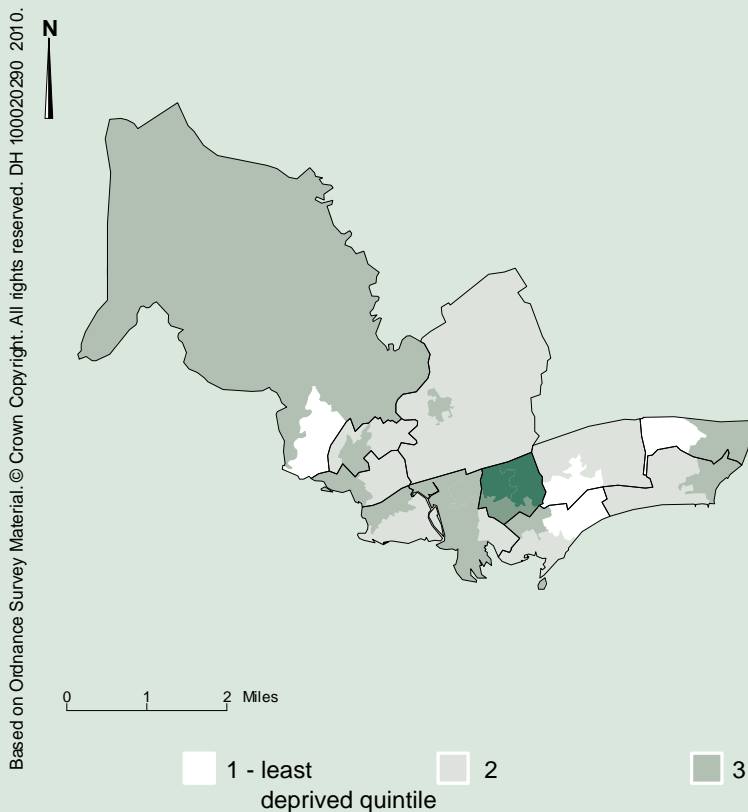
Christchurch at a glance

- The health of people in Christchurch is generally better than or similar to the England average. Both men and women have a higher life expectancy than for England.
- While Christchurch has low levels of deprivation compared to the England average, over 3,000 people live in areas among the fifth most deprived in England.
- The rate of early death from heart disease and stroke has fallen over the last 10 years, and is lower than England as a whole. The early death rate from cancer is similar to the England average.
- Rates of both teenage pregnancy and smoking during pregnancy are similar to the England average. The proportion of children spending at least 3 hours a week on school sports is worse than the England average. The proportion of children in Reception year classified as obese is similar to the England average.
- Estimated levels of smoking in adults are lower than the England average, and the rate of death from smoking is better than the England average.
- The proportion of people diagnosed with diabetes is higher than the England average.
- The Dorset Local Area Agreement has prioritised tackling levels of physical activity, smoking and tobacco control, healthy weight, alcohol misuse and teenage pregnancy.
- For further information, refer to the Annual Public Health Report at www.dorset-pct.nhs.uk or www.dorsetforyou.com

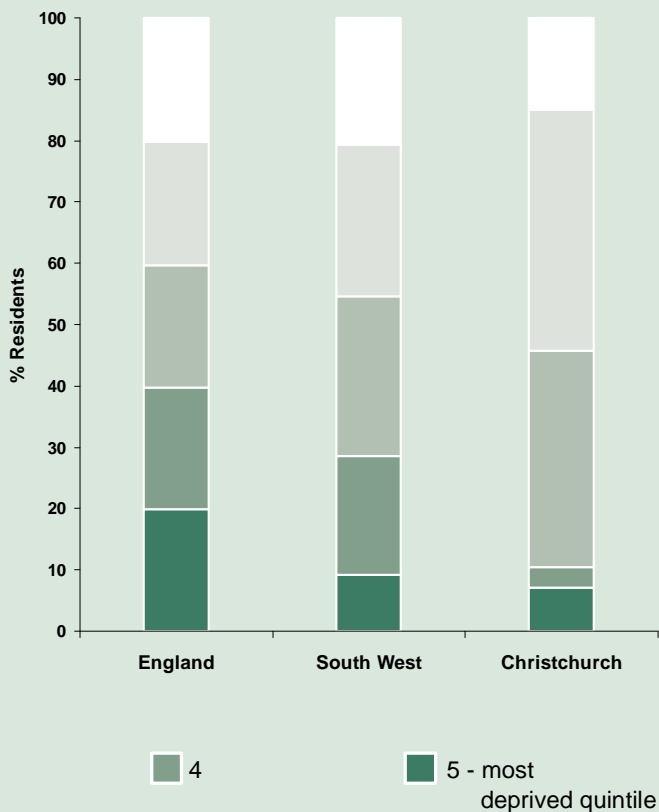


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

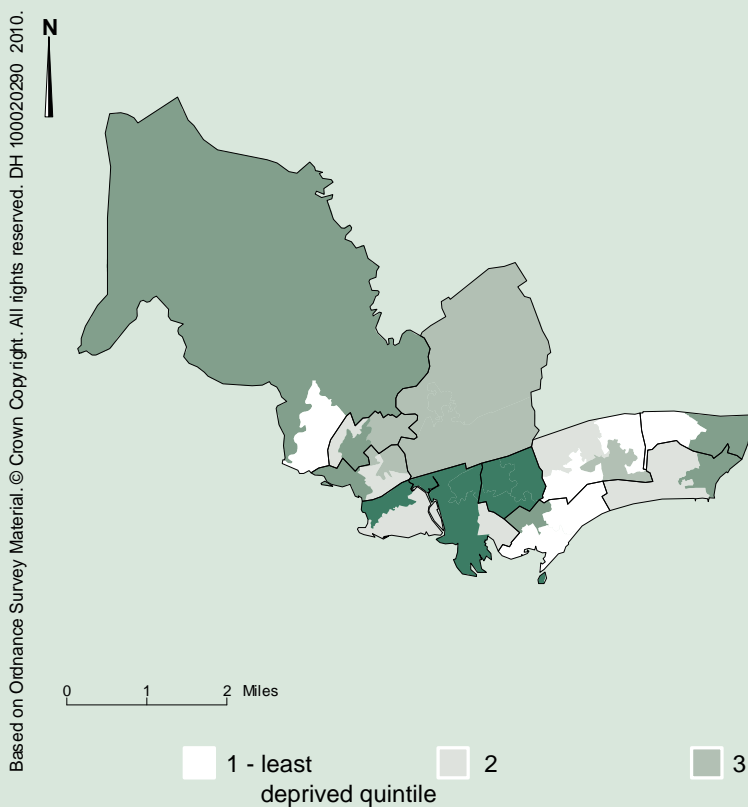


This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

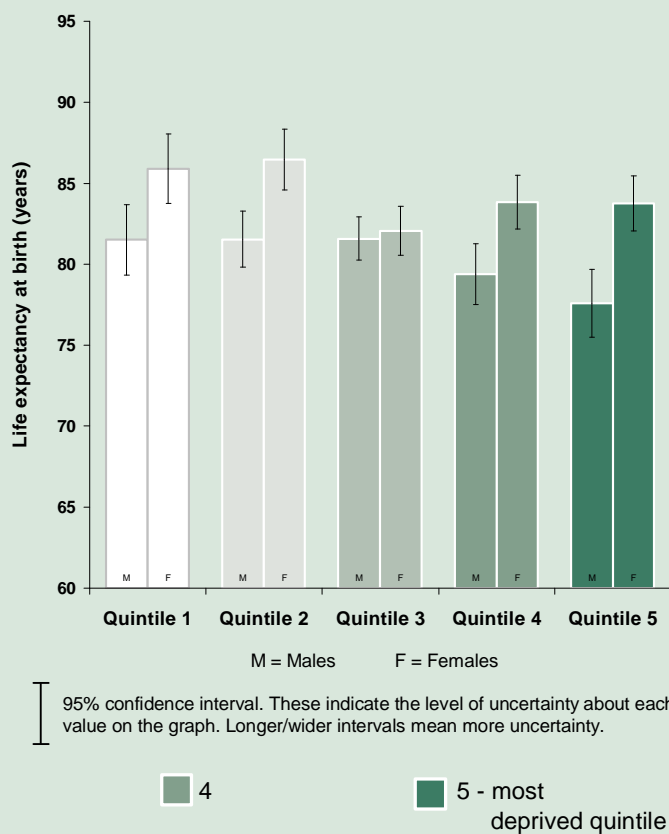


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.



This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



Health inequalities: changes over time

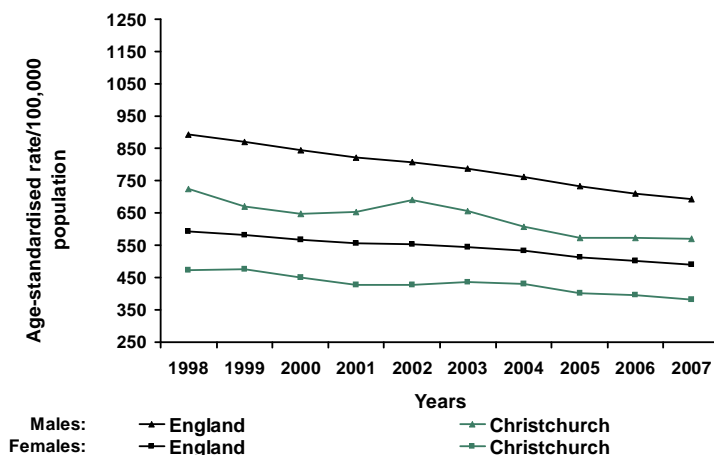
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

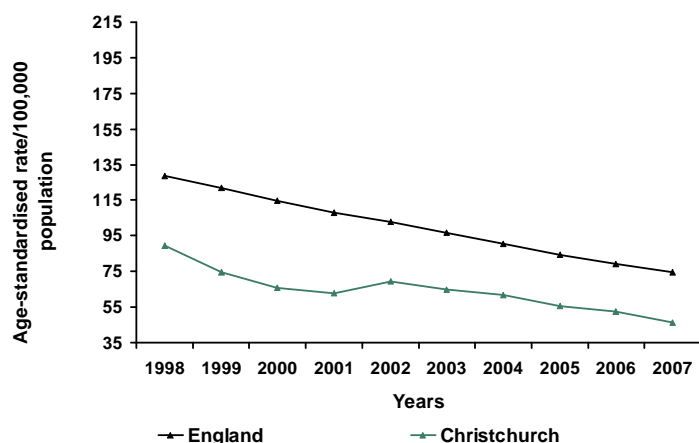
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

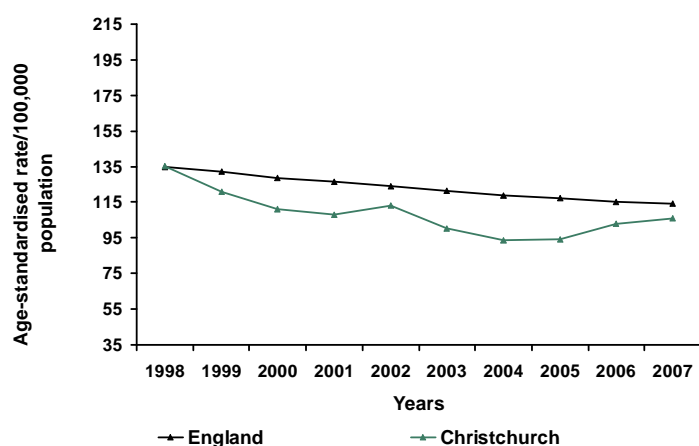
Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality



Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke

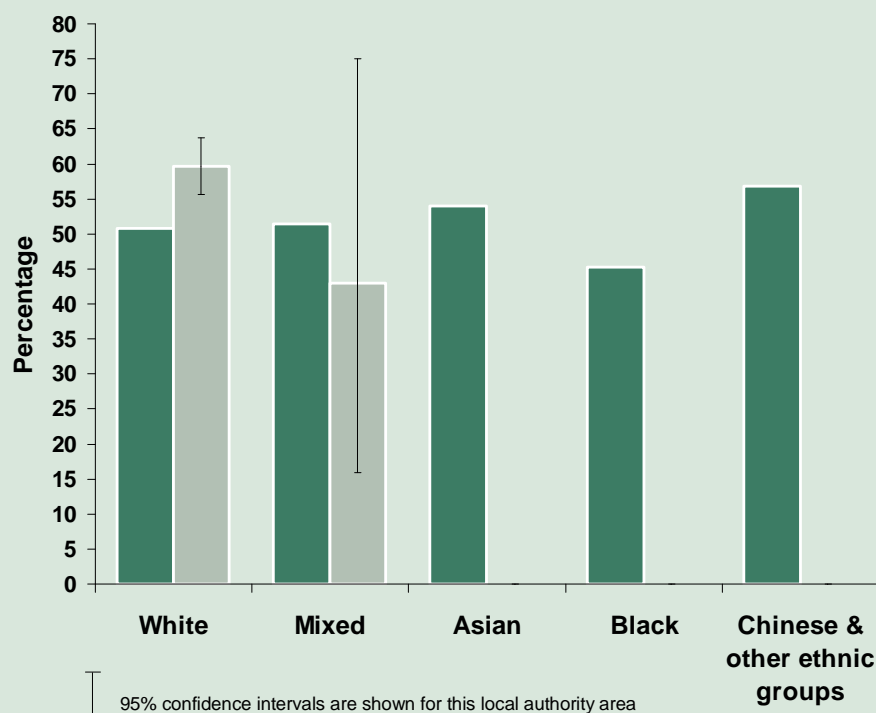


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



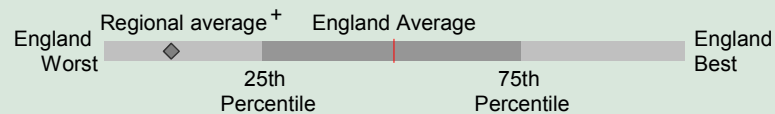
Legend:
■ England
■ Christchurch

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	59.7	332
Mixed	42.9	3
Asian		
Black		
Chinese/other		

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
Our communities	1 Deprivation	3192	7.1	19.9	89.2	[Bar chart showing local value at 7.1, significantly better than England average]	0.0
	2 Children in poverty	1211	16.9	22.4	66.5	[Bar chart showing local value at 16.9, significantly better than England average]	6.0
	3 Statutory homelessness	12	0.55	2.48	9.37	[Bar chart showing local value at 0.55, significantly better than England average]	0.00
	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	345	59.6	50.9	32.1	[Bar chart showing local value at 59.6, significantly better than England average]	76.1
	5 Violent crime	437	9.6	16.4	36.6	[Bar chart showing local value at 9.6, significantly better than England average]	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	297	6.5	6.8	14.4	[Bar chart showing local value at 6.5, not significantly different from England average]	4.1
Children and young people's health	7 Smoking in pregnancy	65	18.2	14.6	33.5	[Bar chart showing local value at 18.2, significantly worse than England average]	3.8
	8 Breast feeding initiation	289	80.2	72.5	39.7	[Bar chart showing local value at 80.2, significantly better than England average]	92.7
	9 Physically active children	2691	44.9	49.6	24.6	[Bar chart showing local value at 44.9, significantly worse than England average]	79.1
	10 Obese children	40	10.5	9.6	14.7	[Bar chart showing local value at 10.5, not significantly different from England average]	4.7
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.9	1.1	2.5	[Bar chart showing local value at 0.9, not significantly different from England average]	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	25	32.9	40.9	74.8	[Bar chart showing local value at 32.9, not significantly different from England average]	14.9
Adults' health and lifestyle	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	18.3	22.2	35.2	[Bar chart showing local value at 18.3, significantly better than England average]	10.2
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	19.5	20.1	33.2	[Bar chart showing local value at 19.5, not significantly different from England average]	4.6
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	27.5	28.7	18.3	[Bar chart showing local value at 27.5, not significantly different from England average]	48.1
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	10.6	11.2	5.4	[Bar chart showing local value at 10.6, not significantly different from England average]	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	22.0	24.2	32.8	[Bar chart showing local value at 22.0, not significantly different from England average]	13.2
Disease and poor health	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	10	19.2	12.6	27.3	[Bar chart showing local value at 19.2, not significantly different from England average]	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	542	23.6	27.6	58.5	[Bar chart showing local value at 23.6, not significantly different from England average]	9.0
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	905	1250	1580	2860	[Bar chart showing local value at 1250, not significantly different from England average]	784
	21 Drug misuse						
	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	2345	5.12	4.30	6.72	[Bar chart showing local value at 5.12, significantly worse than England average]	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	2	4	15	110	[Bar chart showing local value at 4, not significantly different from England average]	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	93	453.7	479.2	643.5	[Bar chart showing local value at 453.7, not significantly different from England average]	273.6
Life expectancy and causes of death	25 Excess winter deaths	19	9.2	15.6	26.3	[Bar chart showing local value at 9.2, not significantly different from England average]	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	80.2	77.9	73.6	[Bar chart showing local value at 80.2, significantly better than England average]	84.3
	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	84.8	82.0	78.8	[Bar chart showing local value at 84.8, significantly better than England average]	88.9
	28 Infant deaths	2	4.35	4.84	8.67	[Bar chart showing local value at 4.35, not significantly different from England average]	1.08
	29 Deaths from smoking	87	134.5	206.8	360.3	[Bar chart showing local value at 134.5, not significantly different from England average]	118.7
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	32	46.4	74.8	125.0	[Bar chart showing local value at 46.4, not significantly different from England average]	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	68	106.1	114.0	164.3	[Bar chart showing local value at 106.1, not significantly different from England average]	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	25	55.8	51.3	167.0	[Bar chart showing local value at 55.8, not significantly different from England average]	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75 2004-2006 19 Crude rate per 1,000 working age population 2008 20 Directly age and sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population for emergency admission 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

You may use this profile for non-commercial purposes as long as you acknowledge where the information came from by printing 'Source: APHO and Department of Health. © Crown Copyright 2010'.